



TEXAS TECH UNIVERSITY SYSTEM™

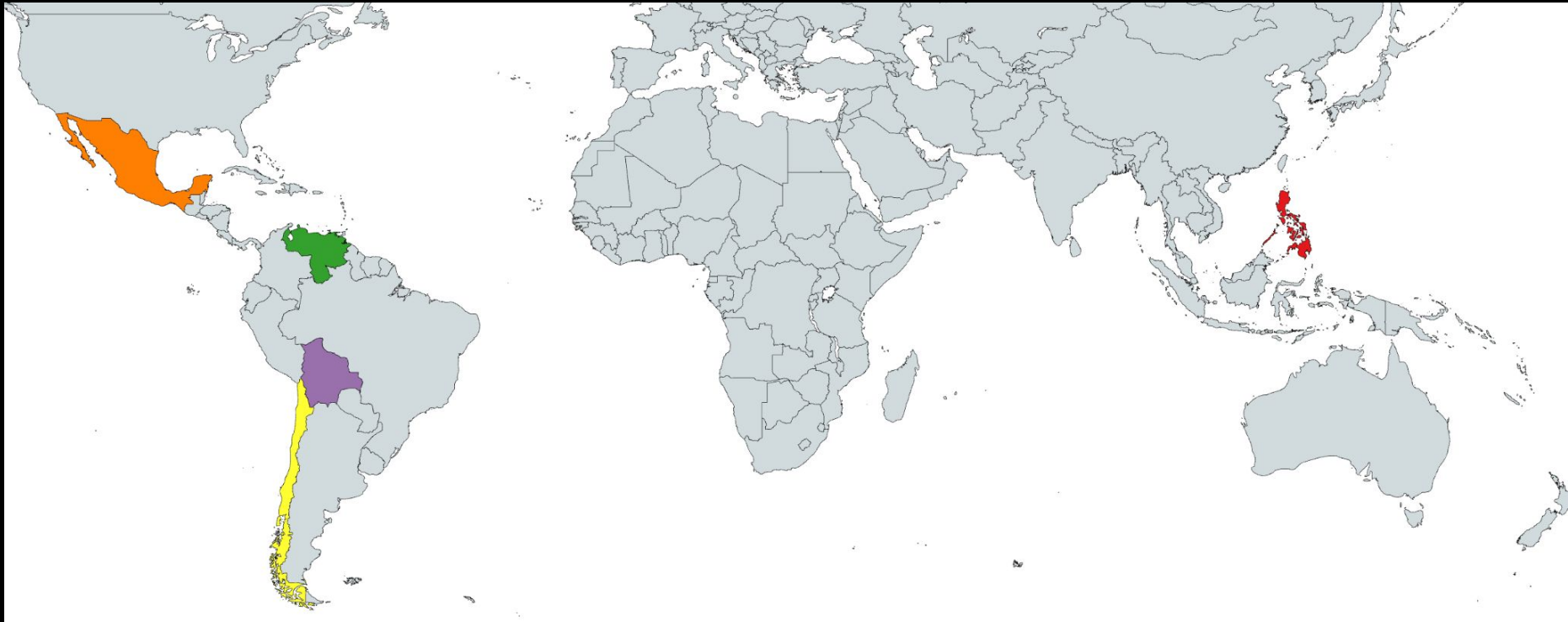
# The Glass Ceiling of International Schools: A Comparative Case Study on the Experiences of Teachers of Color in Recruitment, Retention, and Career Advancement

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# Positionality



**Employment practices and systems that marginalize teachers of color in international schools**



# Research Questions

- RQ1: How do teachers of color describe their **recruitment** process experiences in international schools?
- RQ2: How do teachers of color describe their experiences with the **retention** process in international schools?
- RQ3: How do teachers of color perceive their **career advancement** opportunities and leadership aspirations within international schools?



Research gap in exploring the experiences of teachers of color



Impact on policy-making in international schools

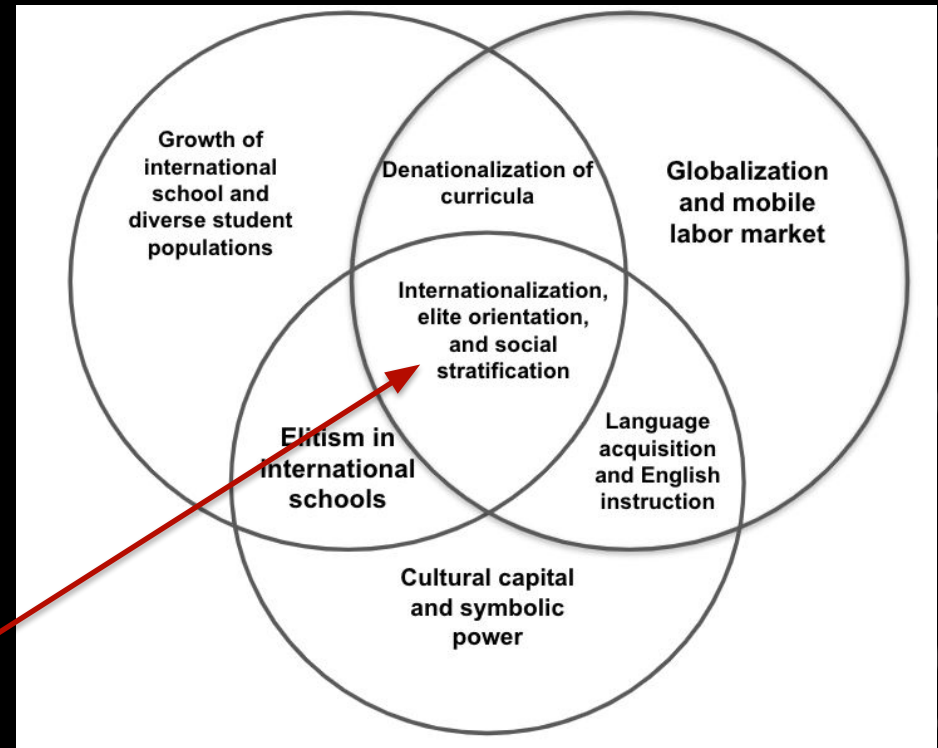
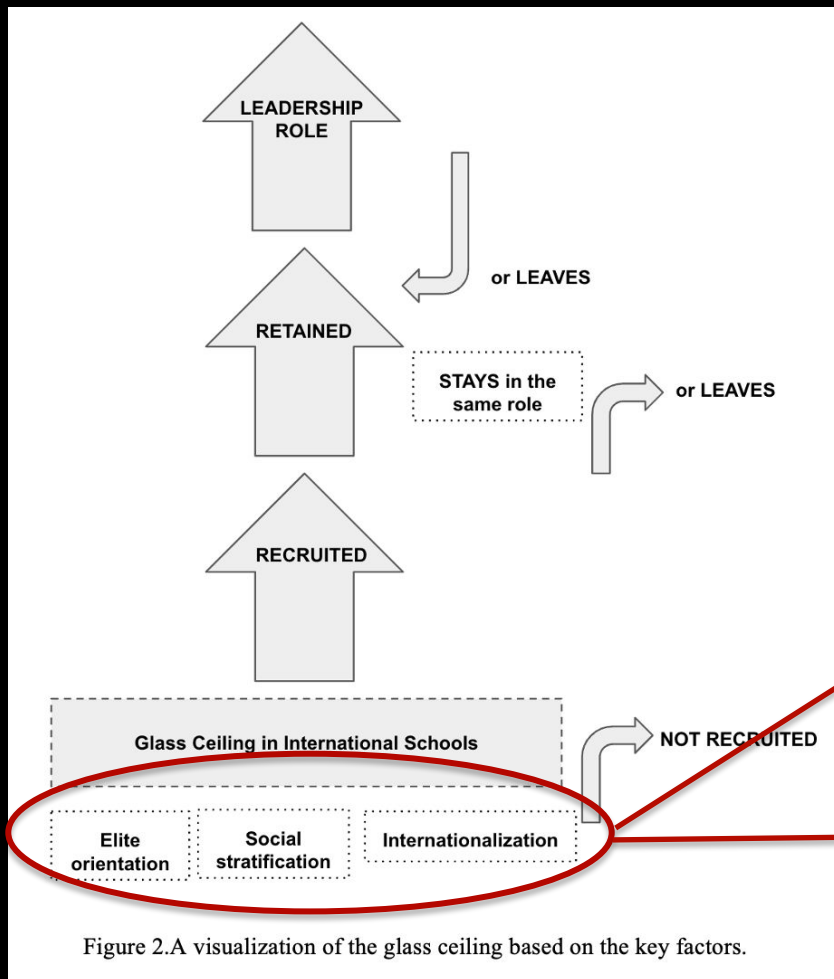


Promoting equity & international mindedness



Organizational culture towards diversity

# The Glass Ceiling of International Schools

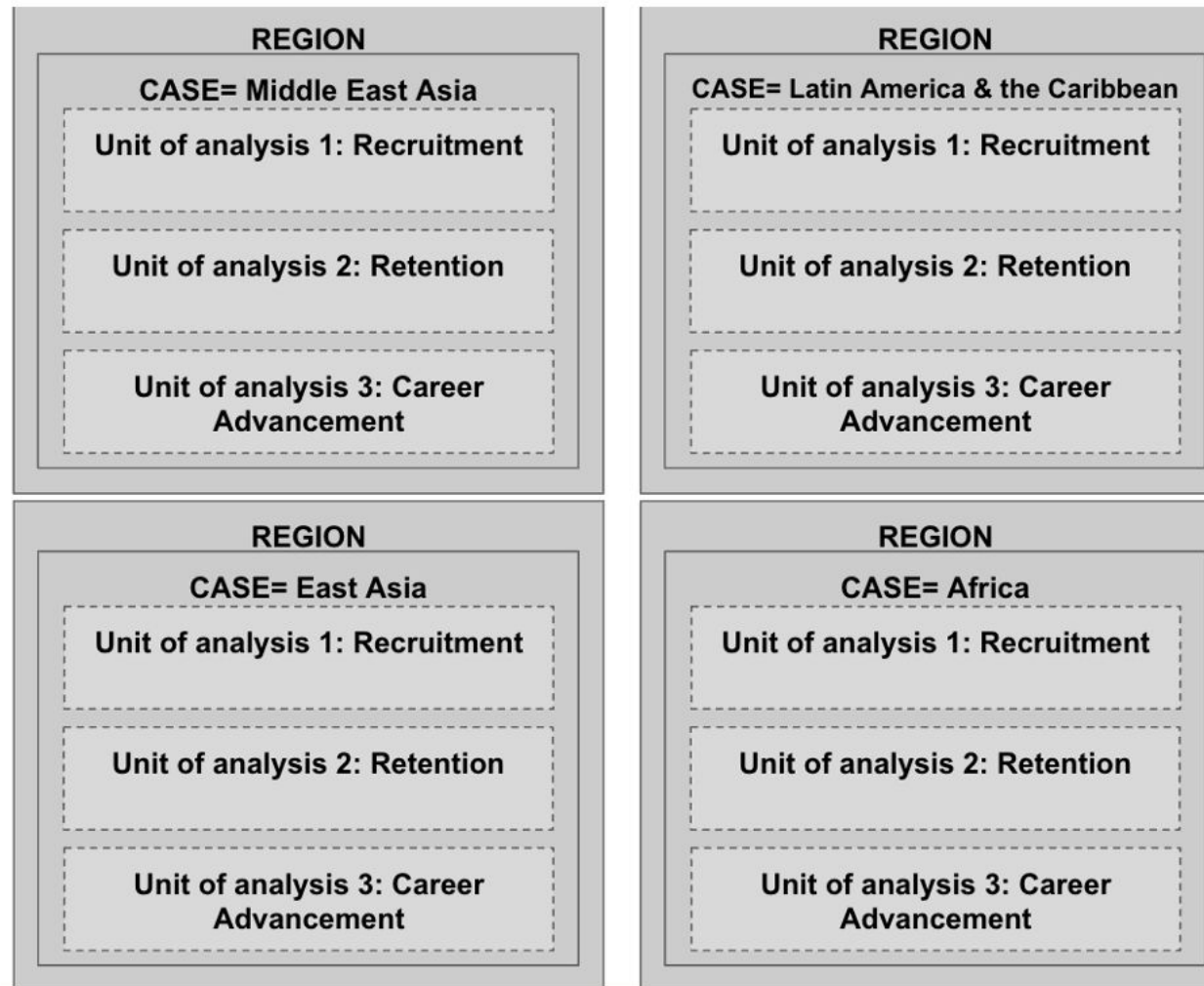


Literature gap in understanding and exploring the experiences of teachers of color





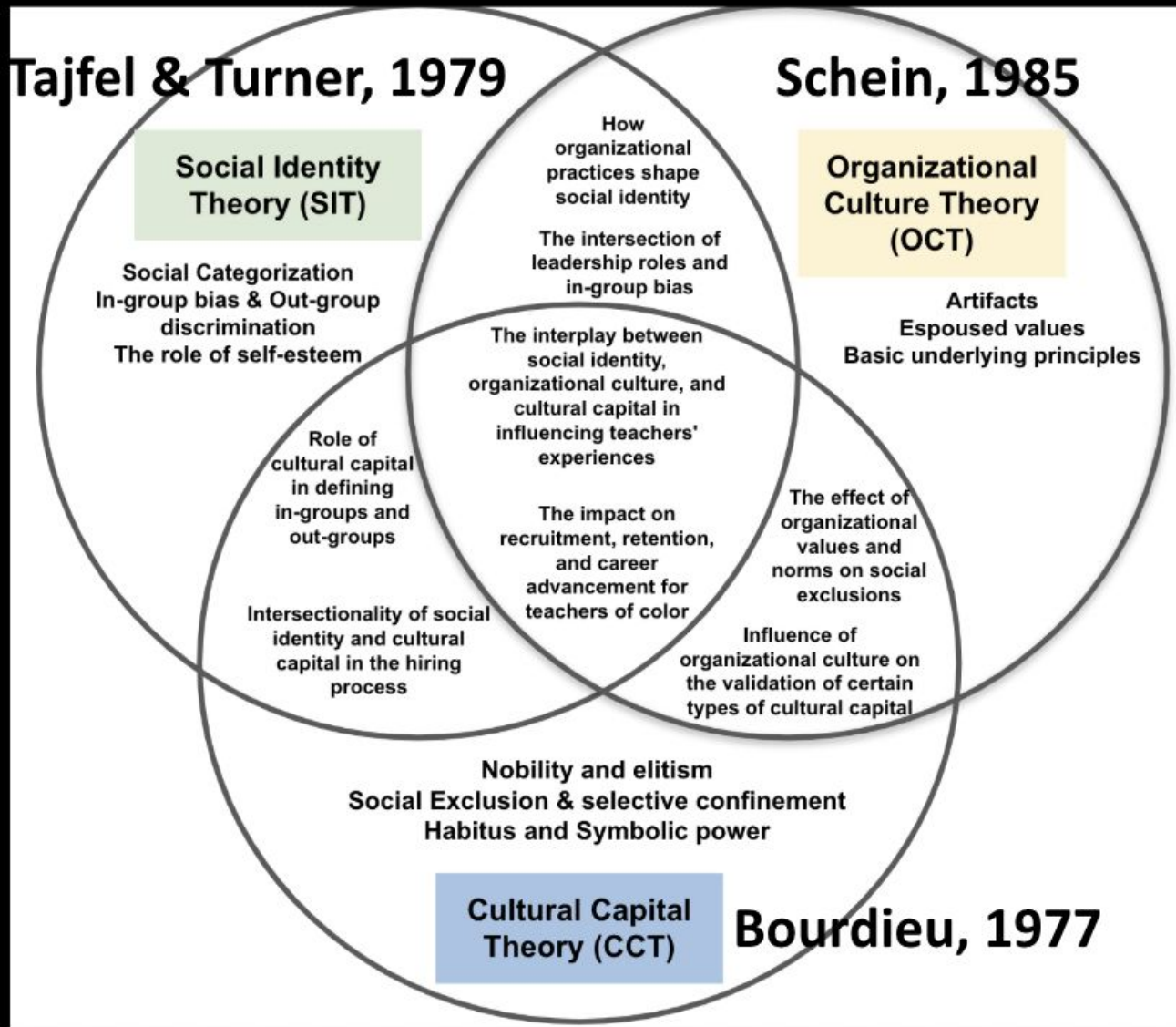
# Research Design



**90% of participants hold advanced degrees; only 20% have less than 10 years of experience**

Figure 6. A model of the comparative case study adapted from Type 4 category of Yin's multiple case study model.

# Theoretical Framework





# Recruitment Themes and Subthemes

**Table 6**

*Frequency of Recruitment Themes and subthemes.*

Recruitment Themes	Africa		Latin America & the Caribbean		Middle East Asia		East Asia	
	Participants coded	Experiences coded	Participants coded	Experiences coded	Participants coded	Experiences coded	Participants coded	Experiences coded
T1: Observed disproportionate representation of people of color	6	19	5	24	4	24	5	25
T2: Recruiters' behavior and interactions during interviews	4	9	4	5	8	12	12	29
ST1: Microaggressions and offensive line of questioning	0	0	1	1	3	6	4	8
ST1: Dismissive behavior during interview sessions	3	8	3	4	4	4	4	15
ST3: Overtly racist remarks towards people of color impact recruitment experience	1	1	0	0	1	2	4	6
T3: Recruiters' perceived biases impact the recruitment experience of people of color.	6	36	6	15	6	28	6	48



# Recruitment Themes and Subthemes

T4: Parents' preference for white teachers as an excuse to reject people of color.	0	0	2	4	4	5	3	5
T5: Recruiters impact the emotions and self-concept of candidates during recruitment.	9	14	8	15	11	31	15	45
ST1: I know I'm qualified, but I need to prove myself and work harder than the others	2	2	4	5	4	10	6	19
ST2: Participants expressed feelings of inferiority and self-deprecating sentiments	1	1	2	5	3	11	4	18
ST3: Qualified but overlooked: Feeling dissonance and unwritten recruitment expectations.	6	11	2	5	4	10	5	8
T6: Tokenism and exoticization of people of color	5	7	4	6	3	3	0	0





# Findings: Recruitment

## Observed pattern of underrepresentation of POC in recruitment fairs

*"Every director and every principal were all white men."* - **Kate**

## Recruiter Behavior towards participants impacted their recruitment experiences

*"we don't hire people from your country."* - **Maria**

## Implicit and explicit biases towards nationalities, racial background

*"We are only accepting candidates from, and they listed, like, Australia, New Zealand, and the US."* - **Axel**

## Self-concept and the emotions of participants were impacted by recruiters' behavior

- *"I felt like I could express myself the way that I expressed myself. I did not, because I have felt like I had to act a certain way and prove that I have cultural capital."* - **Beth**



# Retention Themes and Subthemes

**Table 7**

*Frequency of Retention Themes and subthemes.*

Retention Themes	Africa		Latin America & the Caribbean		Middle East Asia		East Asia	
	Participants coded	Experiences coded	Participants coded	Experiences coded	Participants coded	Experiences coded	Participants coded	Experiences coded
T1: Social dynamics and experience	10	19	4	29	7	20	8	19
<i>ST1: Social Stratification and disparity in Salary</i>	4	9	4	6	4	10	5	12
<i>ST2: Social Segregation and Exclusion</i>	6	19	4	23	3	10	3	7
T2: Visible favoritism and retention of white colleagues	8	15	5	10	9	30	10	35
<i>ST1 parents' preference towards white teachers</i>	3	4	3	8	4	20	4	19
<i>ST2 retention and marketing bias toward white educators</i>	5	11	2	2	5	10	6	16
T3: Colleague interactions impact retention experience of people of color	8	18	8	10	5	6	5	9



# Retention Themes and Subthemes

<i>ST1: POC experienced sense of community and support among peers</i>	2	6	3	4	0	0	0	0
<i>ST2: POC experienced lack of support and apathy from peers</i>	2	7	1	1	2	3	2	3
<i>ST3: POC experienced stereotyping and social comparison</i>	4	5	4	5	3	3	3	6
T4: Leadership behavior towards diversity impact retention experience of POC	14	38	9	25	7	24	13	31
<i>ST1: Apathetic, dismissive, and performative actions of leaders affect retention experience</i>	6	20	4	14	5	18	6	12
<i>ST2: Leaders assume the POC need to work harder</i>	5	9	2	2	2	6	3	10
<i>ST3: Supportive leadership and affirmative counternarratives empower POC</i>	3	9	3	9	0	0	4	9



# Findings: Retention

## The quality of retention experiences are significantly impacted by social interactions with colleagues and leaders

*"My principal helped navigate my emotions when I was having a conflict with a parent." - Margaret*

## Social stratifications continue during retention and affect social integration and compensation

*"A lot of the schools don't have pay scales. They pay Black people less than they pay white people. They pay Asians less than they pay both Black and white people. There's a whole hierarchy." - Daisy*

## Parent and school biases in marketing and retaining white teachers

*"We were dividing classes between me and my white South African colleague... The next day, parents said that they wanted some children to move out of my class into her class." - Susan*

## Negative experiences outweigh the positive interactions with colleagues and leaders

*"but when it comes to a Black teacher, this is an issue. We need to get rid of this person. And so, you see a lot of people lose their contracts." - Sharon*





# Career Advancement Themes and Subthemes

**Table 8**

*Frequency of Career Advancement Themes and Subthemes.*

Career Advancement Themes	Africa		Latin America & the Caribbean		Middle East Asia		East Asia	
	Participants coded	Experiences coded	Participants coded	Experiences coded	Participants coded	Experiences coded	Participants coded	Experiences coded
T1: Positive leadership aspiration and upward mobility	7	18	7	11	4	8	9	16
ST1: School leaders impact positive leadership aspirations of POC	4	13	4	8	2	2	5	11
ST2: Self-confidence in professional qualification and leadership ambitions	3	5	3	3	2	6	4	5
T2: Barriers to leadership aspiration and upward mobility	6	23	2	9	6	27	9	32
ST1: It feels impossible for a person of color	1	2	0	0	2	3	3	5
ST2: Institutional bias, lack of encouragement, and constant rejection	5	21	2	9	4	24	6	27



# Findings: Career Advancement

## Positive leadership aspiration is influenced by positive interactions with leaders and positive self-concept

*"I've noticed that he also puts people of color in positions of power in the school. Like, I lead my own department." - Michelle*

## Self-confidence drive positive self-concept and leadership aspirations

*"I was a department head already. I love coaching teachers and I have an experience of doing that.- Guen*

## Barriers to leadership aspirations are rooted in institutional biases and belief systems

*"My administrator treats us as if we're all the same. We treat everybody equally, and we don't see color. And as we all know, that's a harmful thing." - Sarah*

## Observed pattern of rejection of POC and appointment of candidates of Caucasian background

*"There are people I know who have zero experience, lied about their credentials, and have actually become a coordinator, head of department, or even director." - Kate*

# The Glass Ceiling of International Schools

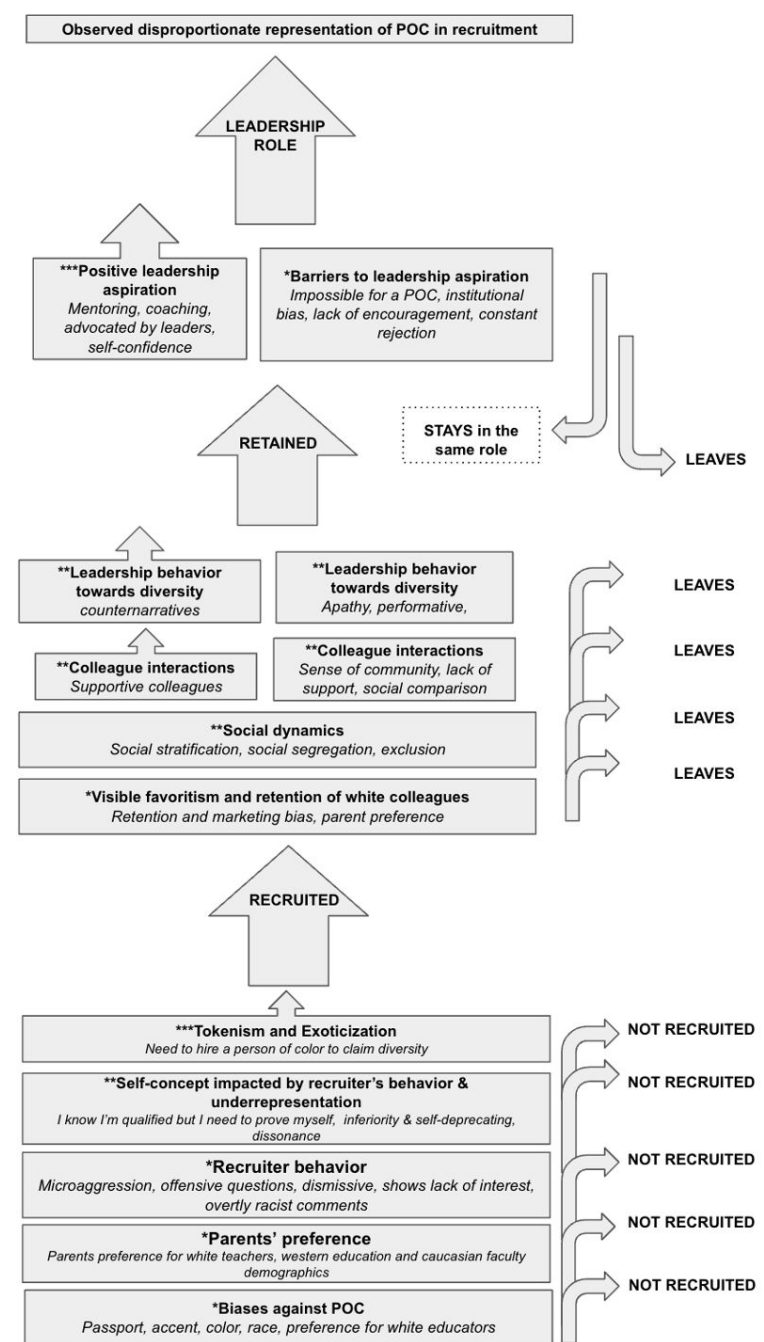
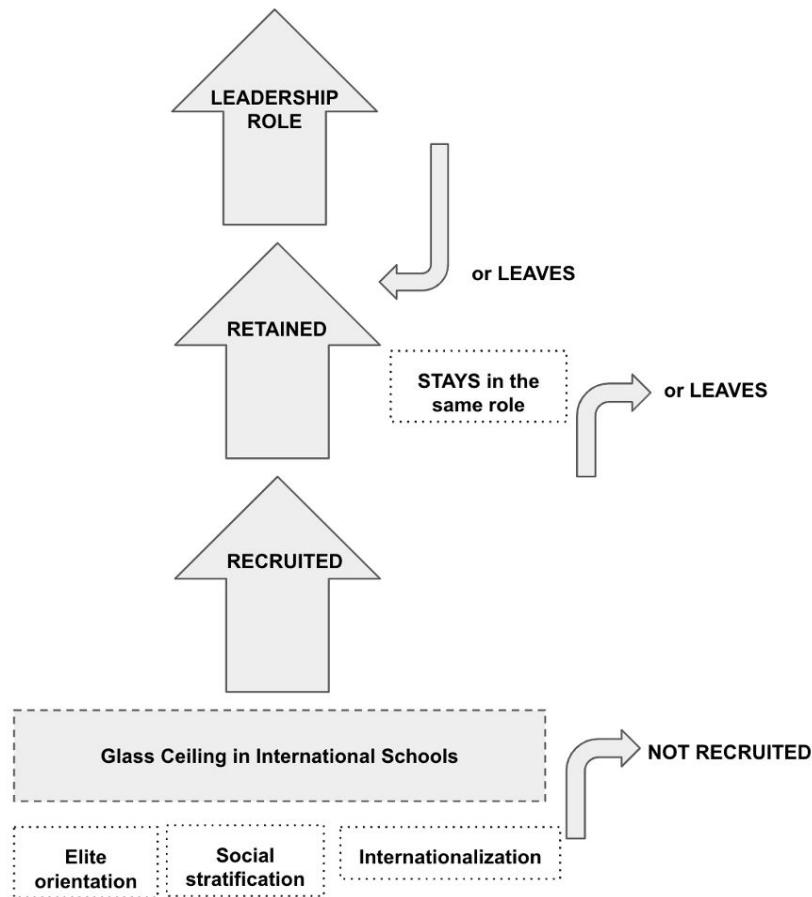
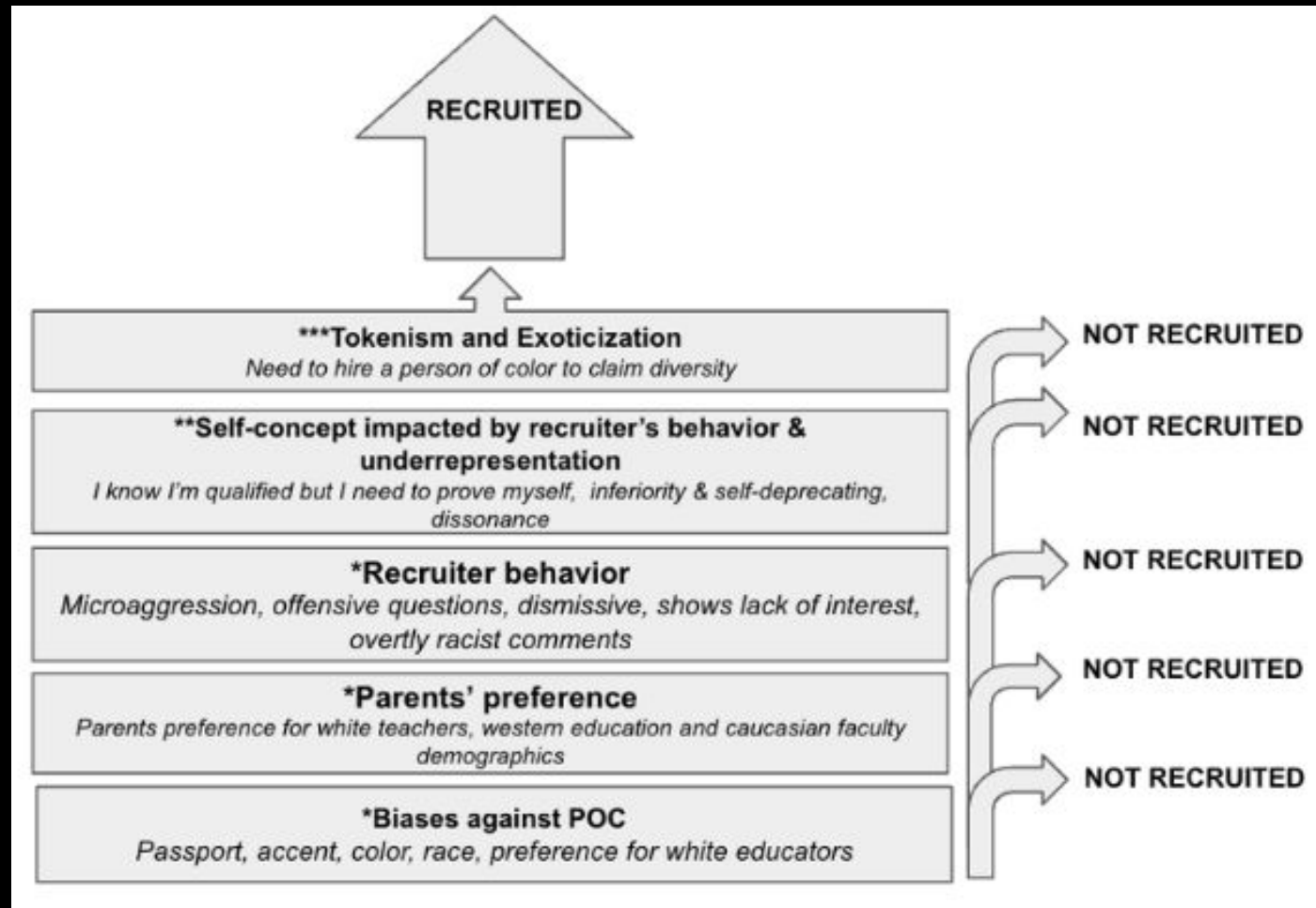


Figure 9. A detailed visualization of the complex layers of the glass ceiling in international schools. (\*elitism; \*\*social stratification, \*\*\*internationalization)



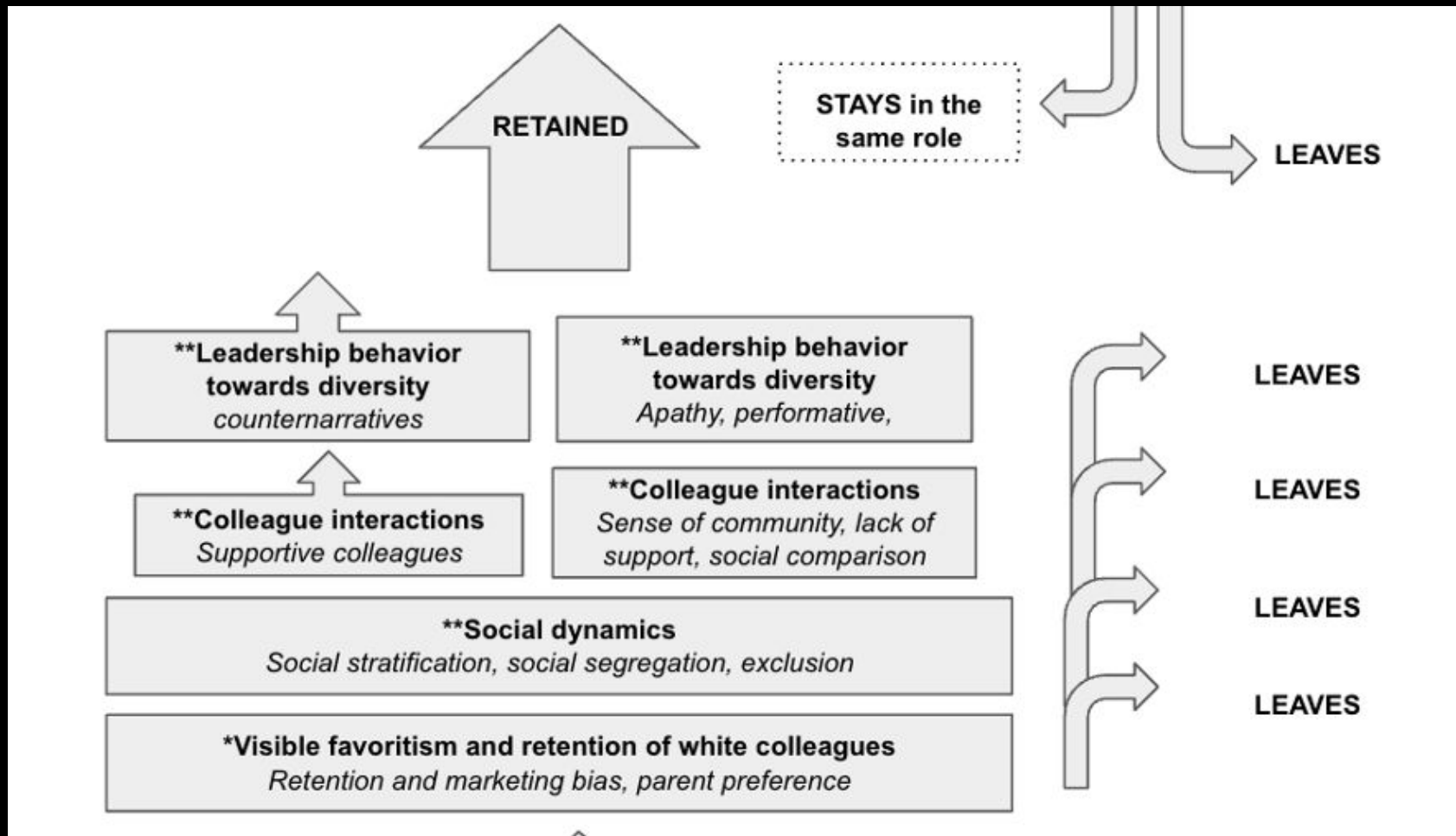
# Layers of the Glass Ceiling in Recruitment



(\*elitism \*\*social stratification \*\*\*internationalization)



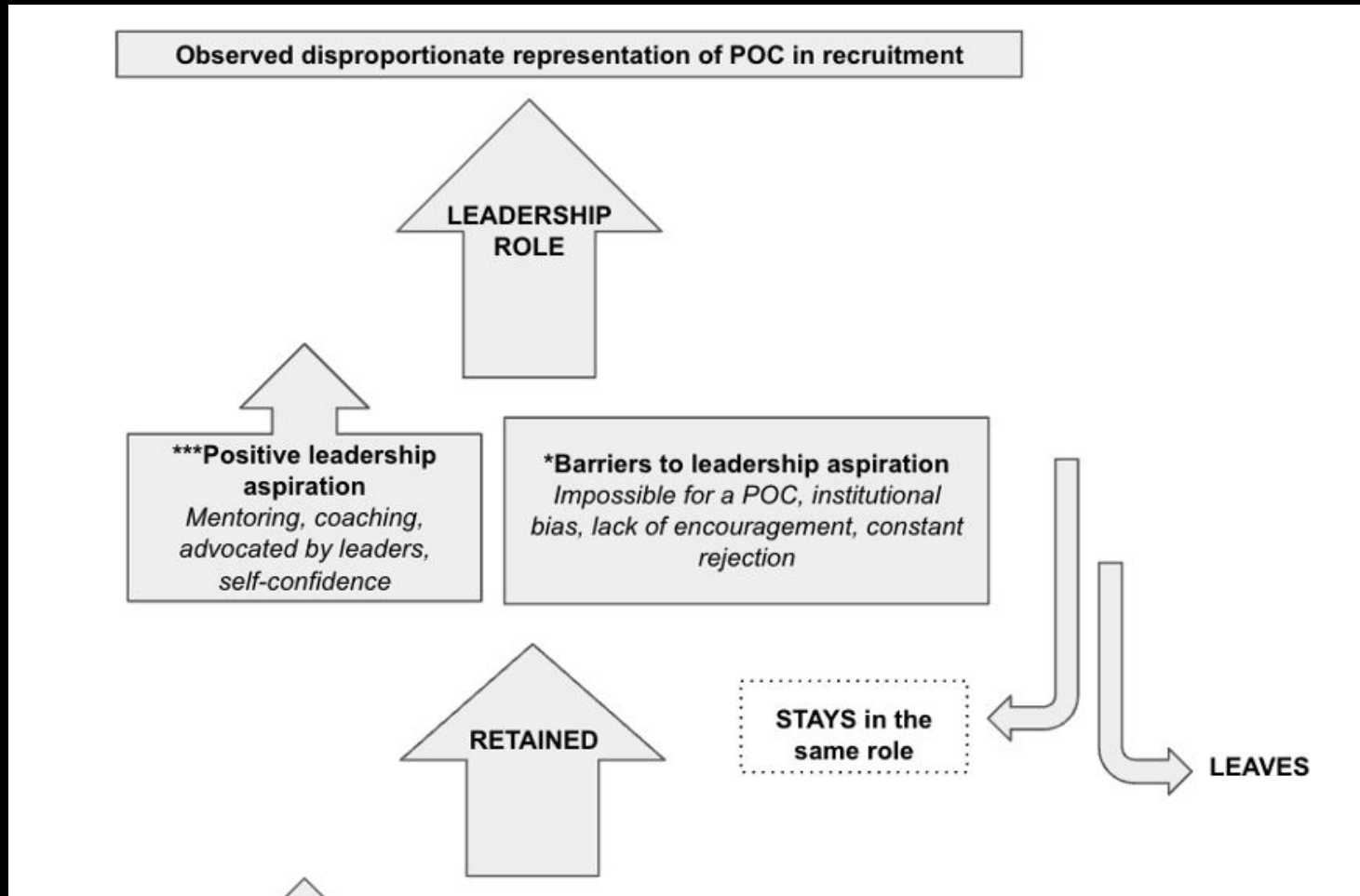
# Layers of the Glass Ceiling in Retention



(\*elitism \*\*social stratification \*\*\*internationalization)



# Layers of the Glass Ceiling in Career Advancement



(\*elitism \*\*social stratification \*\*\*internationalization)

# The Glass Ceiling of International Schools

**Microfractures of the glass ceiling**  
*a rival explanation*

**Layer of the glass ceiling**  
*theoretical replicability*

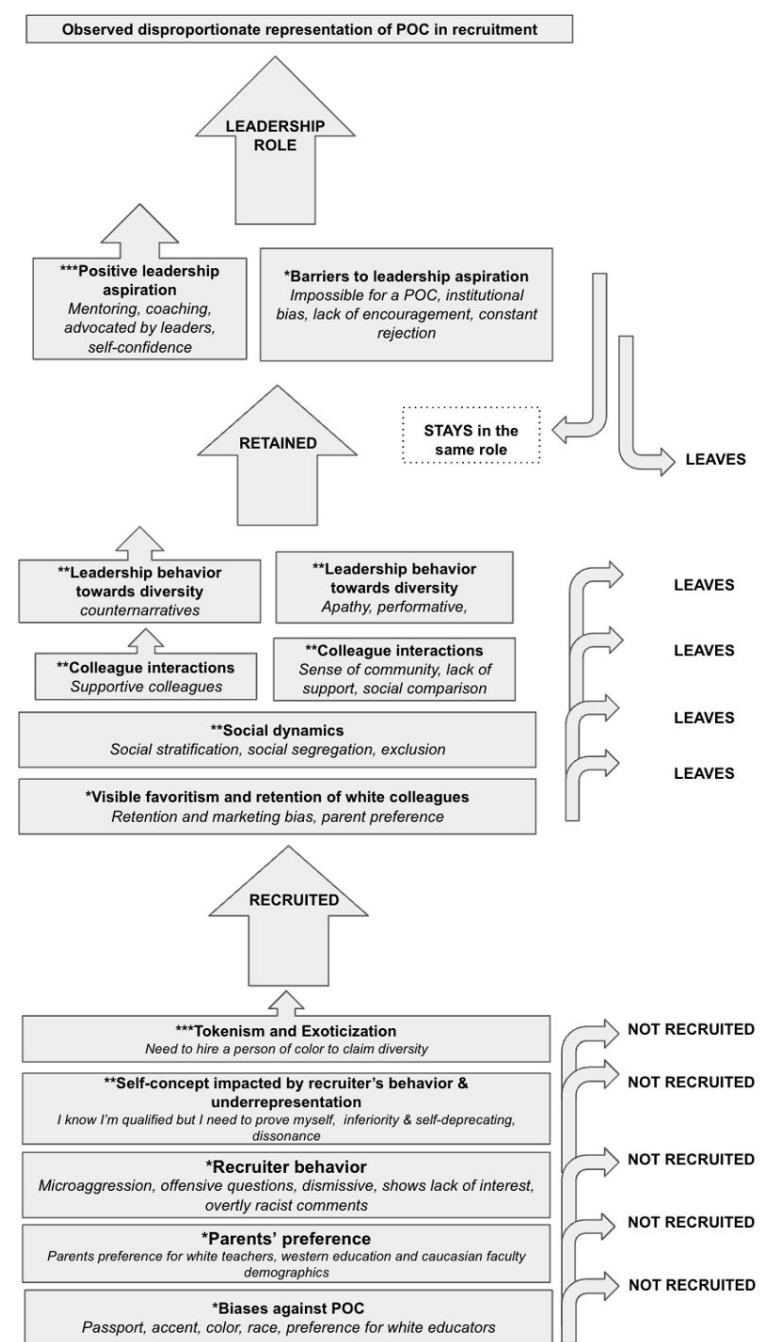


Figure 9. A detailed visualization of the complex layers of the glass ceiling in international schools. (\*elitism; \*\*social stratification, \*\*\*internationalization)

# Policy Recommendations for Leaders



- review your school's artifacts (photos)
- Communicate and celebrate diverse backgrounds (as an international school)
- Determine your parent allies
- Be explicit about your support towards BIPOC
- Re-evaluate who goes to your hiring/interviews
- Be conscious about your demeanor
- Plan out leadership pathways/pipeline
- Rethink your "faculty games/sports groupings"